

# 帯分数のわり算 (5)

名前 \_\_\_\_\_

【1】 次の計算をなさい。(答えが1より大きい分数になるときは帯分数に直すこと)

$$(1) \frac{3}{7} \div 1\frac{5}{7} = \frac{\overset{1}{\cancel{3}} \times \overset{1}{\cancel{7}}}{\underset{1}{\cancel{7}} \times \underset{4}{\cancel{12}}} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$(2) \frac{7}{24} \div 1\frac{1}{8} = \frac{7 \times \overset{1}{\cancel{8}}}{\underset{3}{\cancel{24}} \times 9} = \frac{7}{27}$$

$$(3) \frac{3}{8} \div 3\frac{3}{4} = \frac{\overset{1}{\cancel{3}} \times \overset{1}{\cancel{4}}}{\underset{2}{\cancel{8}} \times \underset{5}{\cancel{15}}} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$(4) \frac{5}{18} \div 1\frac{1}{6} = \frac{5 \times \overset{1}{\cancel{6}}}{\underset{3}{\cancel{18}} \times 7} = \frac{5}{21}$$

$$(5) 1\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{11}{18} = \frac{\overset{1}{\cancel{11}} \times \overset{3}{\cancel{18}}}{\underset{1}{\cancel{6}} \times \underset{1}{\cancel{11}}} = 3$$

$$(6) 6\frac{2}{5} \div \frac{8}{9} = \frac{\overset{4}{\cancel{32}} \times 9}{5 \times \underset{1}{\cancel{8}}} = \frac{36}{5} = 7\frac{1}{5}$$

$$(7) 2\frac{4}{9} \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{\overset{11}{\cancel{22}} \times \overset{1}{\cancel{3}}}{\underset{3}{\cancel{9}} \times \underset{1}{\cancel{2}}} = \frac{11}{3} = 3\frac{2}{3}$$

$$(8) 3\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{5}{9} = \frac{\overset{3}{\cancel{15}} \times 9}{4 \times \underset{1}{\cancel{5}}} = \frac{27}{4} = 6\frac{3}{4}$$

$$(9) 7\frac{1}{2} \div 1\frac{3}{7} = \frac{\overset{3}{\cancel{15}} \times 7}{2 \times \underset{2}{\cancel{10}}} = \frac{21}{4} = 5\frac{1}{4}$$

$$(10) 2\frac{4}{7} \div 4\frac{4}{5} = \frac{\overset{3}{\cancel{18}} \times 5}{7 \times \underset{4}{\cancel{24}}} = \frac{15}{28}$$

$$(11) 8\frac{3}{4} \div 4\frac{2}{3} = \frac{\overset{5}{\cancel{35}} \times 3}{4 \times \underset{2}{\cancel{14}}} = \frac{15}{8} = 1\frac{7}{8}$$

$$(12) 9\frac{1}{3} \div 1\frac{2}{5} = \frac{\overset{4}{\cancel{28}} \times 5}{3 \times \underset{1}{\cancel{7}}} = \frac{20}{3} = 6\frac{2}{3}$$

$$(13) 2\frac{1}{12} \div 1\frac{7}{8} = \frac{\overset{5}{\cancel{25}} \times \overset{2}{\cancel{8}}}{\underset{3}{\cancel{12}} \times \underset{3}{\cancel{15}}} = \frac{10}{9} = 1\frac{1}{9}$$

$$(14) 2\frac{14}{15} \div 5\frac{1}{3} = \frac{\overset{11}{\cancel{44}} \times \overset{1}{\cancel{3}}}{\underset{5}{\cancel{15}} \times \underset{4}{\cancel{16}}} = \frac{11}{20}$$

【2】 次の問題に答えなさい。

(1) 面積が  $\frac{32}{3} \text{ cm}^2$  で底辺が  $1\frac{3}{5} \text{ cm}$  の平行四辺形の高さは何 cm ですか。

$$\text{式} \quad \frac{32}{3} \div 1\frac{3}{5} = \frac{\overset{4}{\cancel{32}} \times 5}{3 \times \underset{1}{\cancel{3}}} = \frac{20}{3} = 6\frac{2}{3}$$

答え  $6\frac{2}{3} \text{ cm}$

(2) 1dL で  $1\frac{5}{9} \text{ m}^2$  ぬれるペンキを使って  $5\frac{3}{5} \text{ m}^2$  ぬりました。使ったペンキは何 dL ですか。

$$\text{式} \quad 5\frac{3}{5} \div 1\frac{5}{9} = \frac{\overset{2}{\cancel{28}} \times 9}{5 \times \underset{1}{\cancel{14}}} = \frac{2 \times 9}{5 \times 1} = \frac{18}{5} = 3\frac{3}{5}$$

答え  $3\frac{3}{5} \text{ dL}$